Food Recipe Recommendation

CS608 Group 8 Project Final Presentation

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1. Project Objectives

Project Objectives

To build an application that recommends recipes based on user's preference



<u>Objective</u>

Build a recommendation application that can recommend top recipes based on user's available ingredients and taste preference.

Background

The perfect recipe doesn't exists, or if it does, you may not have the ingredients on hand to cook it. We believe there is a demand for a recipe recommendation application that works with the constraints of the average home chef to materialise choice recipe dishes based on their recipe/food interactions and available inventory.



Project Objectives

Interaction data and multimodal supplementary data are explored across a sweep of models to identity top performing model to tune and deploy



Data Preparation Prepare interaction data between users and recipes. Identify and prepare textual data to be used as multimodal supplementary data.



<u>Model Sweep &</u> <u>Selection</u> Explore prepared data across a sweep of models from explicit models, implicit models to multimodal models. MF, NMF, SVD, BPR, WMF, CTR, CDL.



<u>Hyperparameter Tuning</u> Identify top performing models and performing hyperparameter tuning of top models. Informed hyperparameter search; Hyperopt.



<u>Train Final Model</u> Select top performing tuned models and train the final model and validate its generalisability.

2. Dataset

Datasets

Identified food recipe interactions data with metadata and raw text data. Raw text is to be explored and prepared for appropriate NLP treatment.

Food.com Recipe & Review Data

Description

These datasets contain recipe details and reviews from Food.com (formerly GeniusKitchen). Data includes cooking recipes and review texts.

Basic statistics

Food.com

Number of recipes: 231,637 Number of users: 226,570 Number of reviews: 1,132,367

Metadata

- · Ratings and Reviews
- · Recipe Name, Description, Ingredients, and Directions
- Recipe Categories (Tags)
- Recipe Nutrition Information



Content

This dataset contains three sets of data from Food.com:

Interaction splits

- interactions_test.csv
- interactions_validation.csv
- interactions_train.csv

Preprocessed data for result reproduction

In this format, the recipe text metadata is tokenized via the GPT subword tokenizer with start-of-step, etc. tokens.

- PP_recipes.csv
- PP_users.csv

Data Source

<u>https://cseweb.ucsd.edu/~jmcauley/datasets.html#foodcom</u> <u>https://www.kaggle.com/shuyangli94/food-com-recipes-and-user-interactions?select=RAW_recipes.csv</u>

Datasets

Sample data

Example

Recipe:

	hear was a shappa say
name:	Accase soup
10:	499490
minutes:	45
contributor_id:	560491
submitted:	2013-04-27
tags:	60-minutes-or-less
	time-to-make
	preparation
nutrition:	678.8
	70.0
	20.0
	46.0
	61.0
	134.0
	11.0
n steps:	7
steps:	cook the bacon in a pan over medium heat and set
aside on paper towe	ls to drain , reserving 2 tablespoons of the
grease in the pan	
5 1	add the onion , carrot , celerv and jalapeno and
cook until tender ,	about 10-15 minutes
,	add the garlic and cook until fragrant , about a
minute	
millio o	mix in the flour and let it cook for 2-3 minutes
	add the broth heer nutmer bacon and
magarani and lot co	add the broth , beer , hatmey , bacon and
minutes	ok until the mataroni is al-dente , about /-5
	add the cream , mustard , worcestershire sauce
and cheese and cook	until the cheese has melted without bringing it

<pre>description: of a hot bowl ingredients: n_ingredients:</pre>	<pre>season with cayenne , salt and pepper to taste all of the flavors of mac n' cheese in the form of soup! submitted by kevin lynch bacon onion carrots celery jalapeno pepper garlic cloves flour chicken broth beer nutmeg elbow macaroni heavy cream dijon mustard worcestershire sauce cheddar cheese cayenne salt and pepper 17</pre>
Review:	
user_id: recipe_id: date: rating: review: whole package	8937 44394 2002-12-01 4 This worked very well and is EASY. I used not quite a (10oz) of white chips. Great!

Dataset

Data Preprocessing - removed users with less than 5 ratings to improve sparsity. Experienced a 7.5x improvement to sparsity.

Pre-split Data by author # of interactions: 1,132,367 # of users: 226,570 # of recipes: 231,637 Sparsity: 99.9978%

Issues noted:

• Extremely high sparsity

TEST	:				
	NCRR@50	NDCG@50	Recall@50	Train (s)	Test (s)
7.7.7.0	+	+ +	+	+	+
MF	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.6461	104.7110
NMF	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	3.4930	98.5881
WMF	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	22571.0294	167.1049
SVD	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.5959	120.9478
BPR	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	19.9052	127.8410

Processed Data # of interactions: 872,021 # of users: 23,086 # of recipes: 231,637 Sparsity: 99.9837% (7.5x improvement in sparsity)

Steps taken to process:

- Used the complete raw data
- Removed users who has rated 5 recipes or less

TEST:												
	MAE	I	RMSE	I	AUC	MAP	I	NDCG@-1	Precision@10	Recall@10	Train (s)	Test (s)
BPR	3.7741	+	3.8812	1	0.8347	0.0103	+	0.1448	0.0078	0.0199	18.2711	1995.8848

Dataset

Data Preprocessing – split the data into train and test sets for consistent model selection on hold out test set; 80-20 split.

78.5%

<u>Train Data</u>							
# of interactions: 684,907							
# of users: 23,086							
# of recipes: 189,673							

user_id	item_id	rating
2046	4523	2
2046	4684	5
2046	3431	5
2046	13307	5
2312	51964	5
2312	1232	4
2312	4397	5
2625	471	3
2369	100	3
	user_id 2046 2046 2046 2312 2312 2312 2325 2625	user_iditem_id2046452320464684204634312046133072312519642312439726254712369100

21.5%

<u>Test Data</u> # of interactions: 187,114 # of users: 23,086 # of recipes: 90,614

Note: Test dataset has at least one of every user and each user does not have more than 20% of their number of interactions from the original dataset in the test dataset.

Performance Metrics chosen evaluate the recall and ordering of recommendations made by model

Recall@10

NDCG@10

NCRR@10

To check that the top recommendations made by the models are within what the user would rate as well.

We set @10 to simulate the context of the recommendation app where people may view top 10 recipes for each session as opposed to a larger number like 50 (which may be more applicable to topics like e-commerce)

We included some metrics to rate the ordering performance of the models to make sure the order is similar to what the user would order their interactions in real life.

Multiple combinations of modalities were explored to arrive at the best model

S/N	Modality	Algorithm	NCRR@10	NDCG@10	Recall@10	Harmonic Mean
1	-	MF	0.0073	0.0081	0.0095	0.0082
2	-	SVD	0.0073	0.0081	0.0095	0.0082
3	-	BPR	0.0136	0.0154	0.0190	0.0157
4	Steps	CTR	0.0155	0.0173	0.0206	0.0176
5	Steps	CDL	0.0010	0.0011	0.0008	0.0010
6	Description	CTR	0.0121	0.0142	0.0187	0.0145
7	Description	HTF	0.0006	0.0005	0.0003	0.0004
8	Ingredients	CTR	0.0133	0.0152	0.0194	0.0156
9	Ingredients	HTF	0.0004	0.0004	0.0004	0.0004
10	Nutritional Values (as text content)	CTR	0.0143	0.0162	0.0198	0.0164
11	Nutritional Values (as context)	LibFM		-		

Obtain base models on interaction data only to use as benchmark for future multi-modal models.

Experiment Objective Obtained tuned base models performance to compare further multi-modal experiments against.

```
Tune hyperparameters
# models to sweep
mf = MF(k=int(70.0)),
        learning rate=0.00010320592158418093,
        lambda reg=0.035816774214327635,
        early stop = True,
        use bias=True,
        verbose=False,
        seed = seed,
        name="MF")
svd = SVD(k=int(152.0))
          learning rate=0.00010259837855631452,
          lambda reg=0.001690022699357155,
          early stop = True,
          verbose=False,
          seed = seed,
          name="SVD")
bpr = BPR(k=int(371.0)),
          learning rate=0.010321497562406403,
          lambda reg=0.0002271617896265306,
          verbose=False,
          seed = seed,
          name="BPR")
```

Model Performance and results									
		I	NCRR@10	I	NDCG@10	I	Recall@10		
	5000	+		+		+			
	MF		0.0073	1	0.0081		0.0095		
	SVD	Ĩ	0.0073	1	0.0081	1	0.0095		
	BPR	i	0.0136	Í	0.0154	1	0.0190		

Base model performances will be use as a benchmark to evaluate further experiments on other multi-modal models.

Recipe description added little value to the recommendation system

Experiment Objective

Explore Collaborative Topic Regression (CTR) and Hidden Factors and Hidden Topics (HFT) models using the description feature.

Preprocessing steps

BaseTokenizer and removal of stopwords, supported by cornac's TextModality

Tuning – Hyperparameter	s tuned and search space
k=20	
a=1.0	
b=0.01	
lambda_u=0.01	
lambda_v=0.01	

Model Performance and results	
TEST:	
 NCRR@10 NDCG@10 Recall@10 Train (s	5) Test (s)
CTR 0.0121 0.0142 0.0187 6182.507 HFT 0.0006 0.0005 0.0003 7046.254	77 550.6342 44 400.5194

CTR decisively outperformed HFT on the description feature. However, it did not seem to perform better than the base BPR model.

Using ingredients as text modality improves recommendations, though not significantly

Experiment Objective

Explore Hidden Factors and Hidden Topics (HFT) and Collaborative Topic Regression (CTR) model using ingredients as feature

Preprocessing steps

BaseTokenizer and removal of stopwords, supported by cornac's TextModality

<u>Tuning – Hyperparameters tuned and search space</u> k=16

max_iter=25

a=1.0

b=0.01

lambda_u=0.00015749647292245656 lambda_v=0.00013408921352280157

Model Performance and results

l	NCRR@10	NDCG@10	Recall@10	Train (s)	Test (s)
HFT	0.0004	+ + 0.0004	0.0004	30465.4790	702.5297
CTR	0.0121	0.0141	0.0185	4606.9860	623.2838

CTR significantly outperformed HFT. However, it did not outperform the base BPR model.

		NCRR@10		NDCG@10		Recall@10		Train (s)		Test (s)
	+		+		+		+		+	
CTR		0.0133		0.0152		0.0194		1862.4895		648.8440

After parameter tuning, the CTR model using ingredients was able to outperform the base models. However, its performance still falls short compared the tuned CTR model using steps as additional text modality.

Using recipe steps as text modality improves recommendations provided to users

Experiment Objective

Explore Collaborative Topic Regression (CTR) and Collaborative Deep Learning (CDL) models using the steps feature.

<u>Preprocessing steps</u> BaseTokenizer and removal of stopwords, supported by cornac's TextModality

Tuning — Hyperparameters tuned and search space k = 30 max_iter = 110 a=2.5108 b=0.2558 lambda_u=0.01 lambda_v=0.01

ĺ	Model Performance and results				
 	TEST: NCRR@10 NDCG@10 Recall@10 Train (s) Test (s)				
	CTR 0.0155 0.0173 0.0206 11291.9330 807.8510				
	TEST: NCRR@10 NDCG@10 Recall@10 Train (s) Test (s) ++ ++ ++ CDL 0.0010 0.0011 0.0008 5806.4249 966.0430				
	CTR model trained using recipe steps as additional text modality performed the best compared to other modalities				
l N					

Experiment Using Nutrition as Text Modality

Experiment Objective

Explore Collaborative Topic Regression (CTR) for the topic of Nutrition

Tuning — Hyperparameters tuned and search space K= 20 a= 5 b= 0.2 lambda_u= 0.001 lambda_v= 0.001

Model Performance and results

TEST: ... | NCRR@10 | NDCG@10 | Recall@10 | Train (s) | Test (s) ---+ ----+ + ----+ + ----+ + ----+ CTR | 0.0143 | 0.0162 | 0.0198 | 1886.0074 | 830.7849



4. Results & Findings

Results & Findings

Most model recommendations overlap (id=2046), but some information is lost by using only one text modality

Feature used	Top 3 topics	Top 5 recipes
Steps	pan, salt, chicken, cup, preheat, dough, bowl, small, dry, pour stirring, garlic, stir, cheese, tablespoons, vinegar, temperature, longer, beef, x drain, cover, add, stir, lightly, heat, bowl, sheet, mixture	39087 creamy cajun chicken pasta 27208 to die for crock pot roast 63689 my family s favorite sloppy joes pizza joes 22782 jo mama s world famous spaghetti 28148 oven fried chicken chimichangas
Description	recipes, simple, pretty, chips, onion, chocolate, different, prep, version, loved, fresh, adapted, butter, cooking, ago, garlic,	27208 to die for crock pot roast 39087 creamy cajun chicken pasta 28148 oven fried chicken chimichangas 22782 jo mama s world famous spaghetti 63689 my family s favorite sloppy joes pizza joes
Ingredients	Sugar, butter, brown, egg, water, unsalted, Oil, olive, vegetable, garlic, vinegar, wine, Fresh, chicken, pepper, garlic, broth, cloves,	54257 yes virginia there is a great meatloaf 27208 to die for crock pot roast 30987 creamy cajun chicken roast 10744 delicious chicken pot pie 22782 jo mama s world famous spaghetti
Nutritional Values	Not enough text to generate topics	39087 creamy cajun chicken pasta 27208 to die for crock pot roast 32204 whatever floats your boat brownies 22782 jo mama s world famous spaghetti 28148 oven fried chicken chimichangas

5. Future Improvements

Future Improvements

Ensembling the models leverages the information of each model to produce a more informed set of recommendations

ILLUSTRATION

Recipe Name	Steps	Description	Ingredients	Nutritional Values	Ensemble
to die for crock pot roast	4.835930	6.330528	6.202894	5.185534	5.6387215
creamy cajun chicken pasta	4.854353	6.004121	6.0547867	5.214962	5.532055675
jo mama s world famous spaghetti	4.354705	5.774430	5.8057384	4.647672	5.14563635
oven fried chicken chimichangas	3.965155	5.871809	5.573654	4.476286	4.971726
japanese mum s chicken	3.745926	5.501774	5.338853	4.136297	4.6807125

	CTR + Steps	Ensemble
Top 5 Recommendations	39087 creamy cajun chicken pasta 27208 to die for crock pot roast 63689 my family s favorite sloppy joes pizza joes 22782 jo mama s world famous spaghetti 28148 oven fried chicken chimichangas	27208 to die for crock pot roast 39087 creamy cajun chicken pasta 22782 jo mama s world famous spaghetti 28148 oven fried chicken chimichangas 68955 japanese mum s chicken

Future Improvements

Use of distributed computing tools to further train, tune and deploy models.

Challenges encountered



Our job training on our local machines took very long due to the training algorithms for the multi-modal recommendation systems.

We encountered many 'out-of-memory' errors due to our local machines not having the necessary RAM memory to train models with larger parameters. Solution (Future improvement)



Use of distributed computing tools such as Apache Spark to spin up clusters of nodes to train and tune models in a distributed manner.

Node memory size can be configured to cater to the memory requirement of the models being trained on the node. Hyperopt can be used to managed distributed training of multiple models simultaneously.

Questions & Answers